



Verification of Entrusting Protocol using AVISPA and Isabelle

Sergey Reznick

Computer Security Research Group,
St. Petersburg Institute for Informatics and
Automation of Russian Academy of Sciences

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



Agenda

- *Responsibility areas*
- Example of the confidentiality verification using AVISPA
- Example of the authentication verification using Isabelle

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



Responsibility areas (1/2)

- General principle: use AVISPA wherever possible, use Isabelle otherwise
- Confidentiality (man-in-the-middle attack): AVISPA
- Authenticity (man-in-the-middle attack): AVISPA

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



Responsibility areas (2/2)

- Confidentiality, authenticity (man-in-the-end attack): AVISPA, Isabelle
- Attacks not expressed in terms of the confidentiality and/or authenticity: Isabelle
 - Time-related attacks
 - Attacks involving modules/tags properties

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



State-of-the-art

- Confidentiality (man-in-the-middle case) is modelled using AVISPA: will be demonstrated
- Isabelle model for compound cases is under development
- Isabelle development for simpler cases: evaluation purpose

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



Agenda

- *Responsibility areas*
- *Example of the confidentiality verification using AVISPA*
- Example of the authentication verification using Isabelle

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Model assumptions

- Model for all details would be too huge
- Partial model: based on assumptions
- Assumptions about server:
 - Trusted server
 - Untrusted server

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

AVISPA model: server's step 1

role server (S, C: agent, K : symmetric_key,
SND, RCV: channel (dy))

.....
transition

0. State = 0 \wedge RCV(start) =|>
State' := 2 \wedge SND({Module0}_K)

.....
end role

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

AVISPA model: client's step 1

role client(S, C: agent, K : symmetric_key, SND,
RCV: channel (dy))

.....
transition

1. State = 1 \wedge RCV({Module0}_K) =>
State' := 3 \wedge SND({Tag0}_K) \wedge
secret(Tag0, p, {S,C})
end role

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

secret() predicate

- Secret (Tag0, p, {S,C})
 - Tag0 – secret data
 - p – binding to the goals set
 - {S,C} – set of entities allowed to know the secret

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

environment

- role environment() def=
.....
intruder_knowledge = {s,c,ksi,kic}
.....
composition
 session(s,c,ksc)
 \wedge session(s,i,ksi)
 \wedge session(i,c,kic)
end role

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Goal

goal
 secrecy_of p
end goal

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Verification using CL-AtSE (1/2)

- SUMMARY
UNSAFE

.....

ATTACK TRACE

i -> (s,6): start

(s,6) -> i: {dummy_msg}_ksi

i -> (s,3): start

(s,3) -> i: {dummy_msg}_ksc

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Verification using CL-AtSE

- i -> (c,10): {dummy_msg}_kic
(c,10) -> i: {dummy_nonce}_kic
&

Secret(dummy_nonce,set_65); Add i to
set_65; Add c to set_65;

- i -> (c,4): {dummy_msg}_ksc
(c,4) -> i: {dummy_nonce}_ksc
& Secret(dummy_nonce,set_59); Add
s to set_59; Add c to set_59;

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Trace evaluation (1/3)

Intruder connects with server as client:

i -> (s,6): start
(s,6) -> i: {dummy_msg}_ksi

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Trace evaluation (2/3)

Intruder convinces client to connect to the server:

i -> (s,3): start
(s,3) -> i: {dummy_msg}_ksc

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Trace evaluation (3/3)

Intruder replaces server for honest client, send a module and receives a tag:

 *$i \rightarrow (c, 10): \{dummy_msg\}_{kic}$
 $(c, 10) \rightarrow i: \{dummy_nonce\}_{kic}$
& $Secret(dummy_nonce, set_65)$; Add i to set_65 ; Add c to set_65 ;*

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Critical assumption

- Important assumption is untrusted server
- Corresponding session is «session(i, c, kic)»
- After removal this session result is SAFE

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



SPAN

- Let's model protocol behaviour using SPAN

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008



Agenda

- Responsibility areas
 - Example of the confidentiality verification using AVISPA
 - *Example of the authentication verification using Isabelle*

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Isabelle output

- Text of successfully proved statements
- Isabelle reports about proof states
- Messages about proof fails (if available)

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Protocol representation (1/3)

inductive_set retrust :: "event list set"

where

(*Initial trace is empty*)

Nil: "[] \<in> retrust"

(*Alice initiates a protocol run*)

| RT1: "evs1 \<in> retrust ==> Says A B (Agent A) # evs1 \<in> retrust"

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Protocol representation (2/3)

(*Bob responds to Alice's message with a module.*)

| RT2: "[| evs2 \<in> retrust; Says A B
(Agent A) \<in> set evs2 |]

==> Says B A (Crypt (shrK B) (Nonce NB)) #
evs2 \<in> retrust"

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Protocol representation (3/3)

(*Bob responds to Alice's message with a module.*)

| RT3: "[| evs3 \<in> retrust;
Says A B (Agent A) \<in> set evs3;
Says B' A (Crypt (shrK B) (Nonce NB))
\<in> set evs3 |]

==> Says A B (Crypt (shrK A) (Nonce NA))
evs3 \<in> retrust"

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Authentication theorems (1/2)

- lemma NB_Crypt_imp_Alice_msg2:
- "[| Crypt (shrK B) (Nonce NB) \<in> parts (spies evs);
B \<notin> bad; evs \<in> retrust |]"
- ==> \<exists>A. Says B A (Crypt (shrK B) (Nonce NB)) \<in> set evs"
- by (erule rev_mp, erule retrust.induct, force, simp_all, blast+)

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Authentication theorems (2/2)

- lemma NB_Crypt_imp_Alice_msg3:
- "[| Crypt (shrK A) (Nonce NA) \<in> parts (spies evs);
A \<notin> bad; evs \<in> retrust |]"
- ==> \<exists>B. Says A B (Crypt (shrK A) (Nonce NA)) \<in> set evs"
- by (erule rev_mp, erule retrust.induct, force, simp_all, blast+)

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Authentication proof output

lemma

NB_Crypt_imp_Alice_msg2:

[| Crypt (shrK ?B) (Nonce ?NB) : parts (knows Spy ?evs); ?B ~: bad;

?evs : retrust |]

==> EX A. Says ?B A (Crypt (shrK ?B) (Nonce ?NB)) : set ?evs

Search depth = 0

Search depth = 1

Search depth = 0

Search depth = 1

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

Plans for future

- Prove more complicated properties balancing Isabelle and AVISPA capabilities
- Develop general methodology of verification tools interaction to cover different aspects of the protocol verification
- Consider use of PRISM to evaluate probabilistic properties

RE-TRUST Workshop, June 19, 2008

